

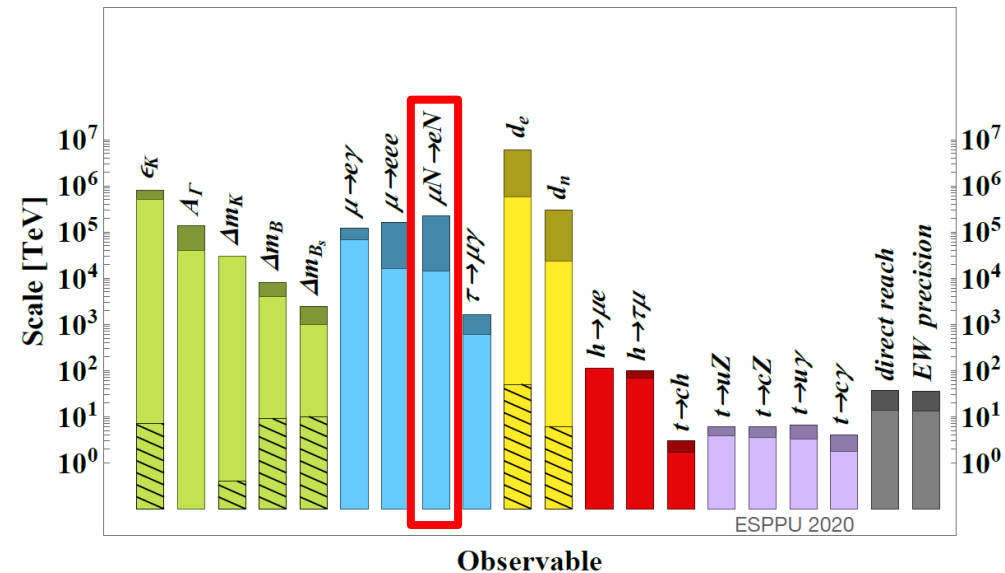
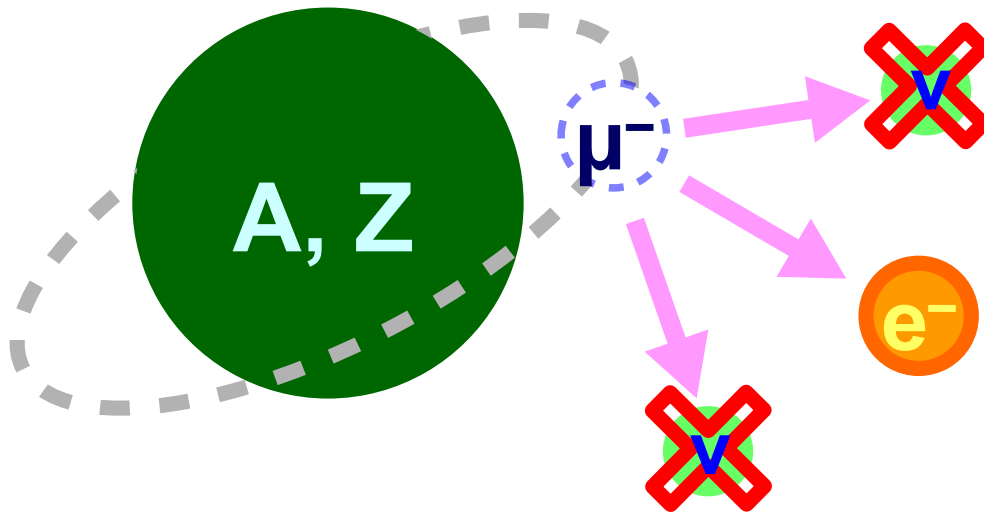
# The COMET Experiment for the Search of Muon-to-Electron Conversion $\mu$

COMET

Lepton Photon 2025

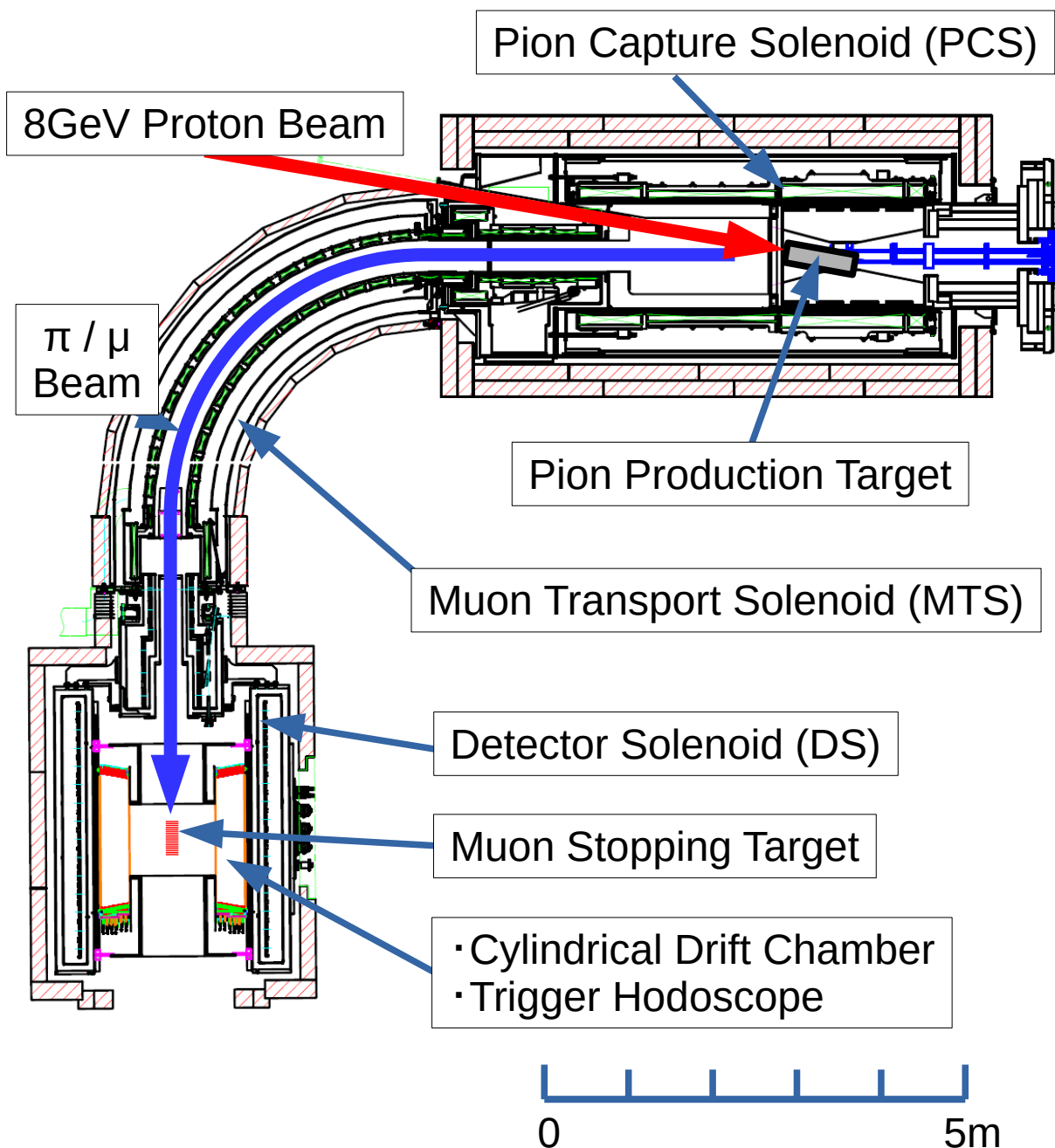
KEK / J-PARC  
Yoshinori Fukao  
for the COMET Collaboration  $e$

# The $\mu$ -e Conversion



- Conversion of a muon to an electron violates Charged Lepton Flavor Conservation, which is accidentally conserved in the Standard Model. Its discovery is clear evidence of the New Physics.
- The  $\mu$ -e conversion search can indirectly probe the NP of orders of magnitudes higher energy scale than the direct measurements.
- The current upper limit of  $7 \times 10^{-13}$  is obtained by SINDRUM-II. Goal of COMET is to achieve x100 higher sensitivity at Phase-I and x10000 at Phase-II.

# COMET Phase-I Setup

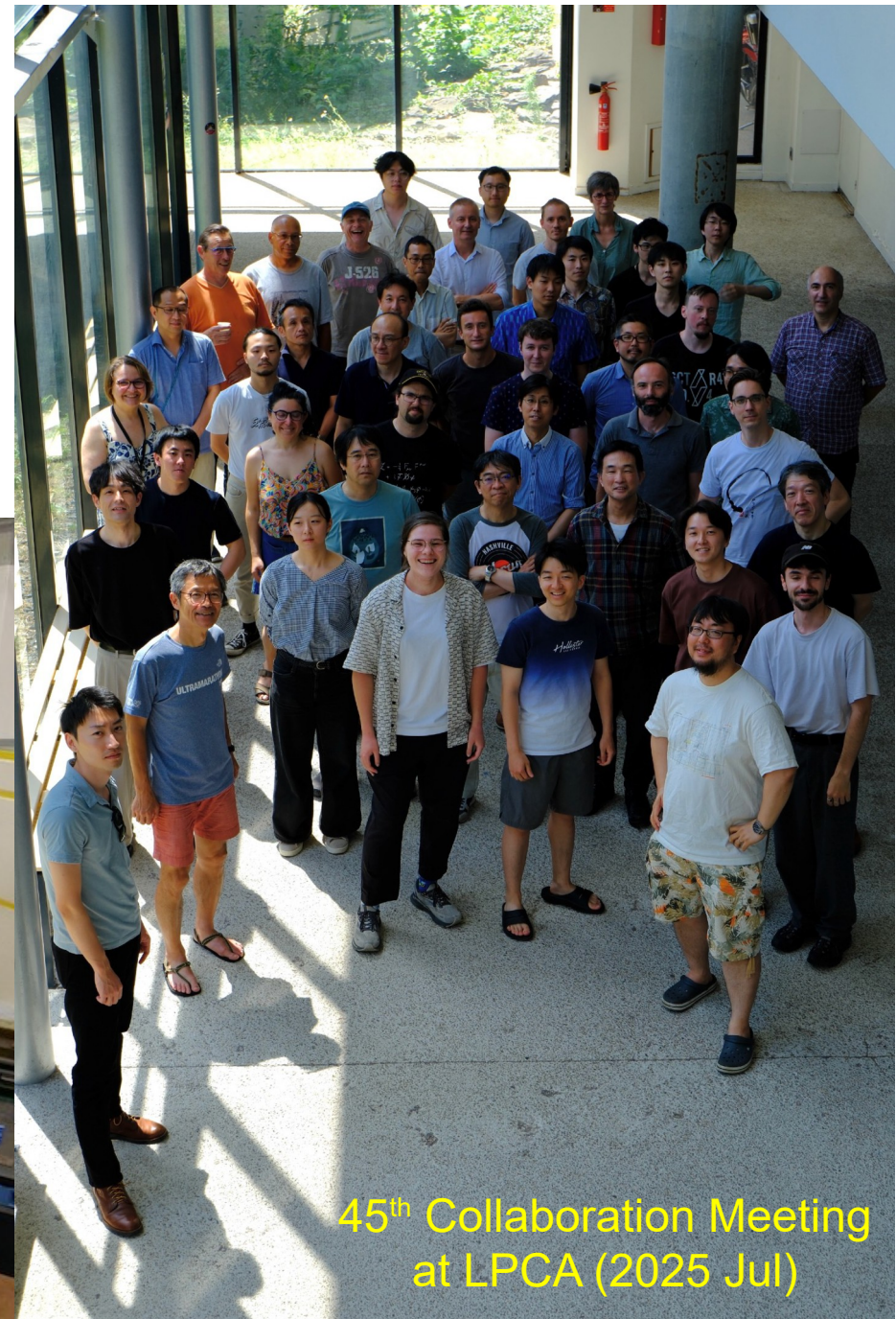


1. Proton beam (8GeV, 3.2kW) is injected to the Pion Production Target
2. Generated pions are captured and transported by the superconducting solenoid magnets, decaying to muons.
3. Muon beam is stopped at Aluminum target to form muonic atom.
4. Search for  $\sim 105\text{MeV}$  electrons of the  $\mu$ -e conversion signal.



# The COMET Collaboration

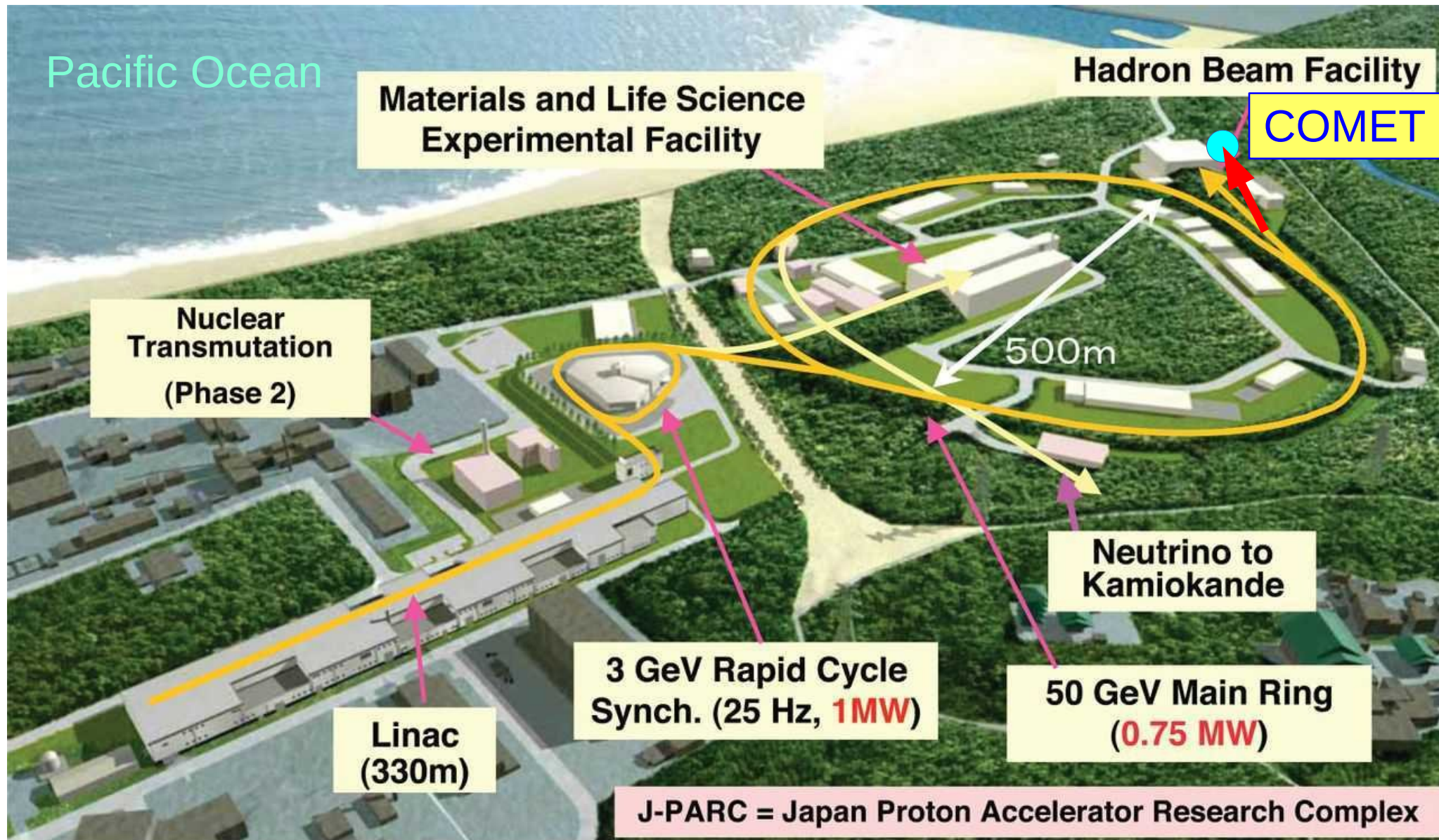
> 200 collaborators from  
>10 countries.





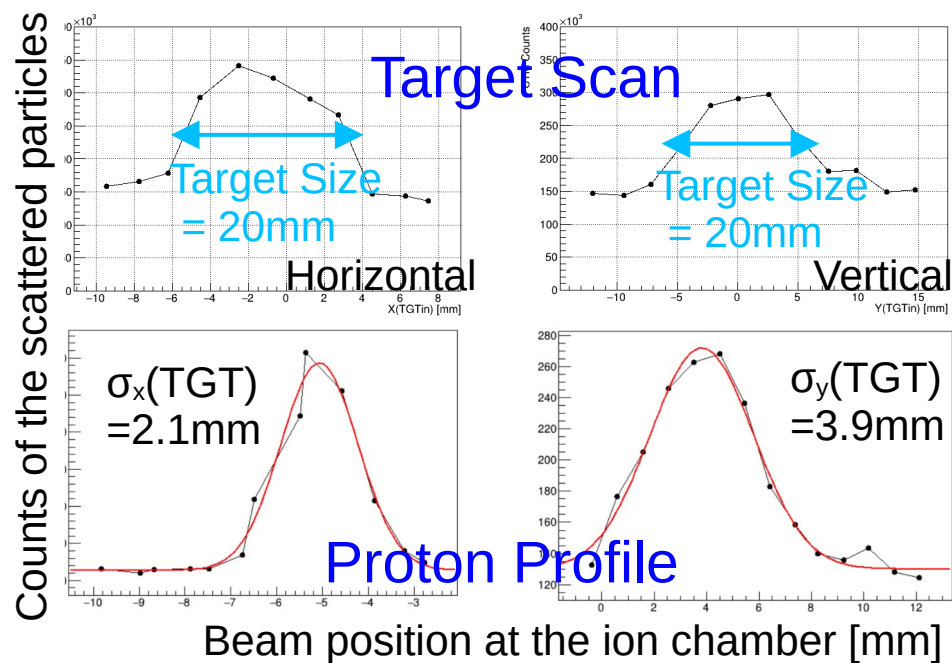
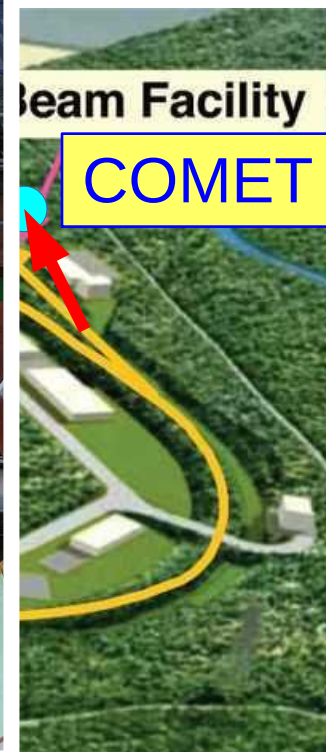
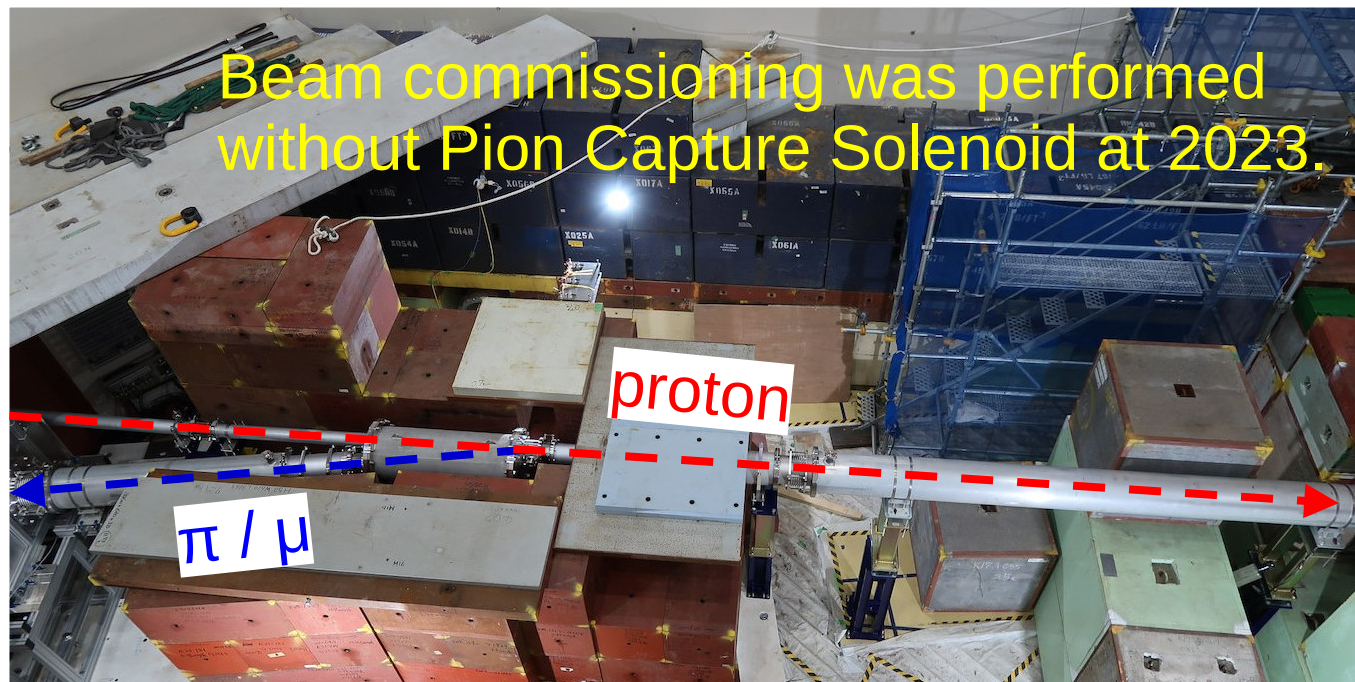
# J-PARC

5

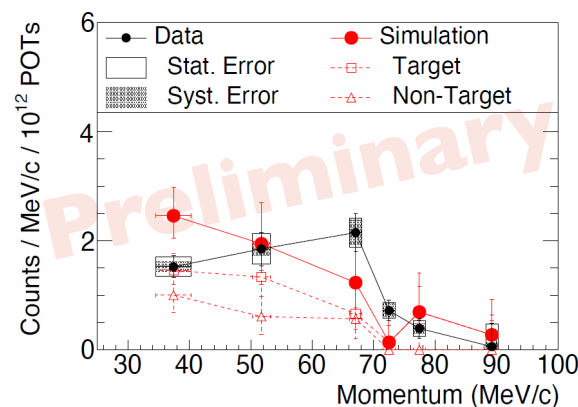




# J-PARC

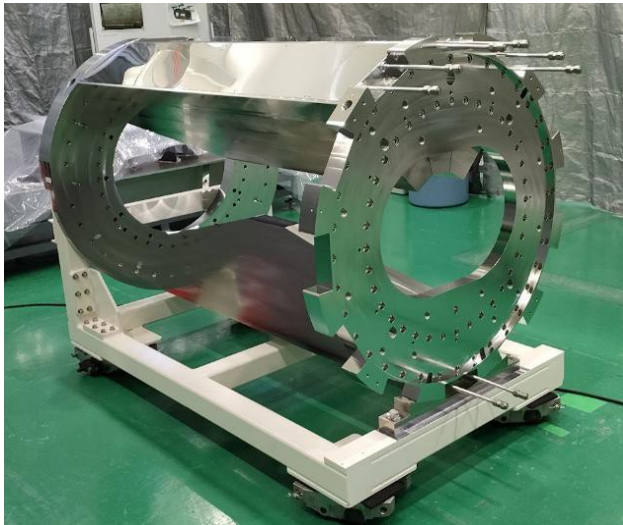


## Muon Yield

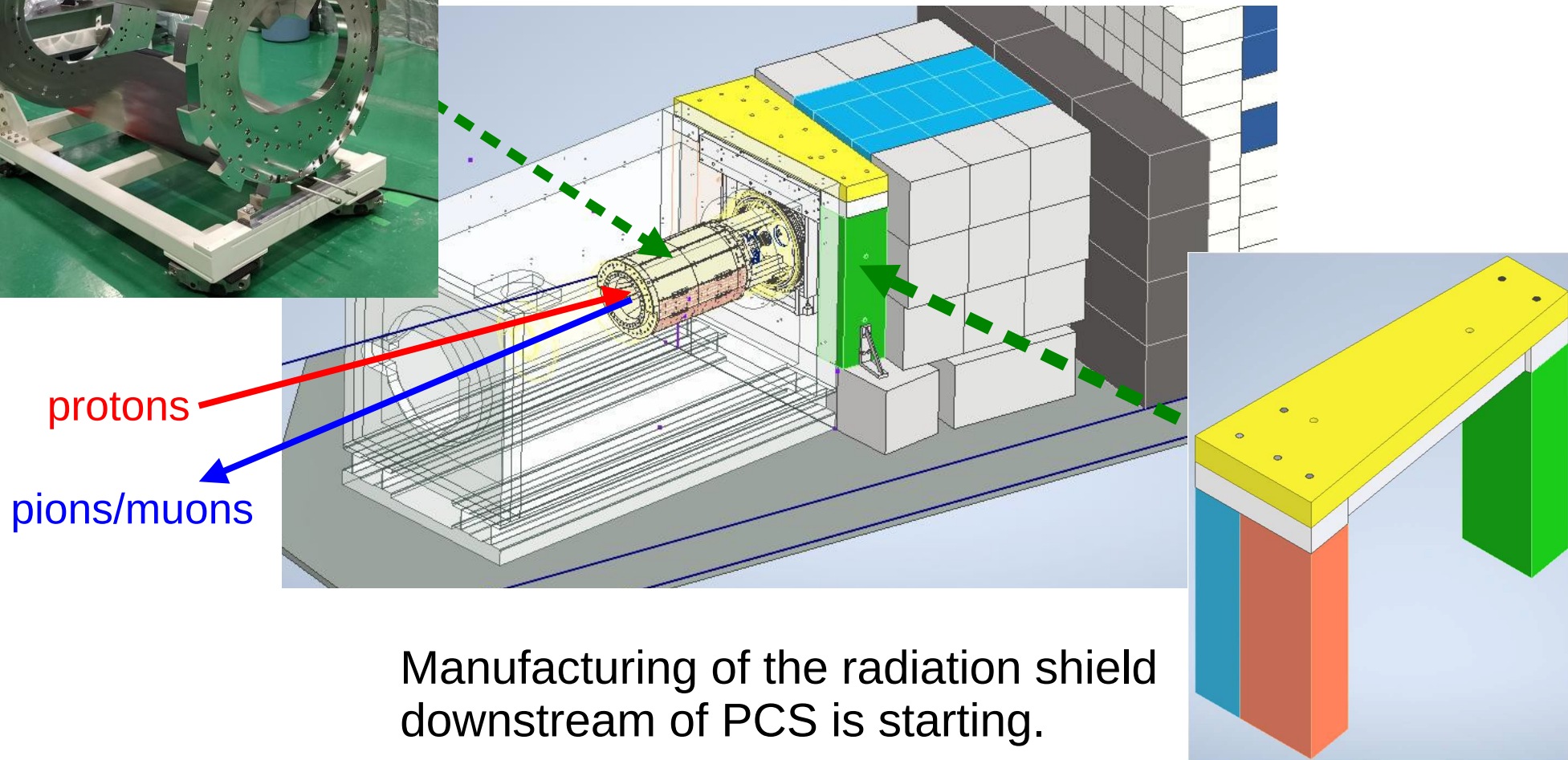


# Facility Construction

As we once performed the beam operation, many items for the facility infrastructure is existing, though we need additional radiation shields etc.



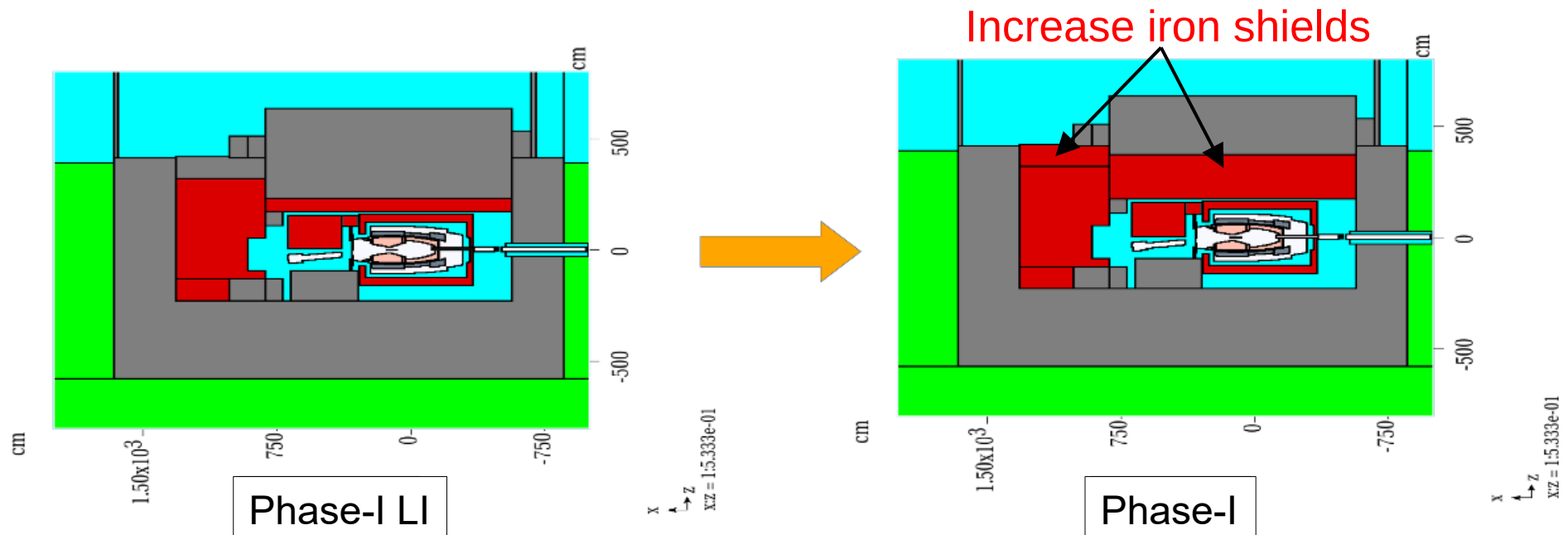
Part of the PCS inner Shield was manufactured. Remaining is being manufactured soon.





# Facility Construction

For the earliest physics measurements, we plan to start the beam operation with minimum shield (Low Intensity, LI), and increasing them toward the full beam intensity.



Phase- $\alpha$   
(0.26kW)

PCS, DS, Detector system  
minimum shielding

Phase-I LI  
(0.3kW)

additional shielding  
on beam room ceiling

Phase-I  
(3.2kW)

We aim to achieve the Phase-I LI during 2027.



# Pion Capture Solenoid

9

Delivered at 2024 Oct.



Successfully installed



Transfer Tube



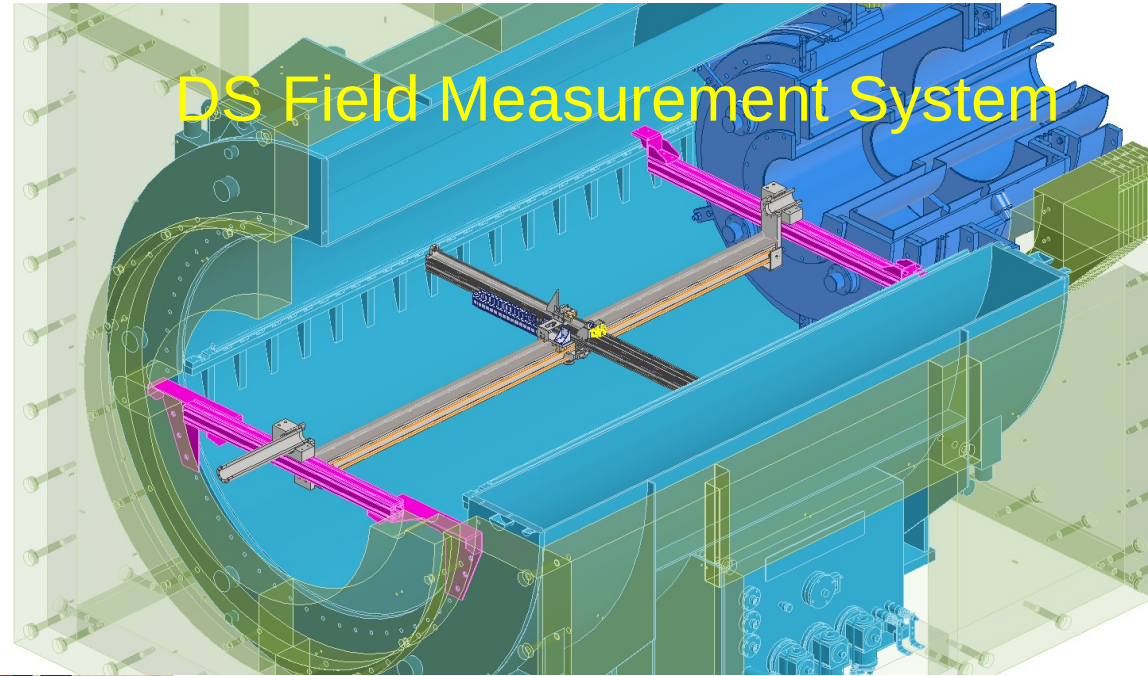
PCS was installed at the last November.

- Vacuum test : good
- Coil resistance : good
- Sensors : good

The next task is to connect Transfer Tube to the cryogenic system.



# Detector Solenoid, Bridge Solenoid <sup>10</sup>

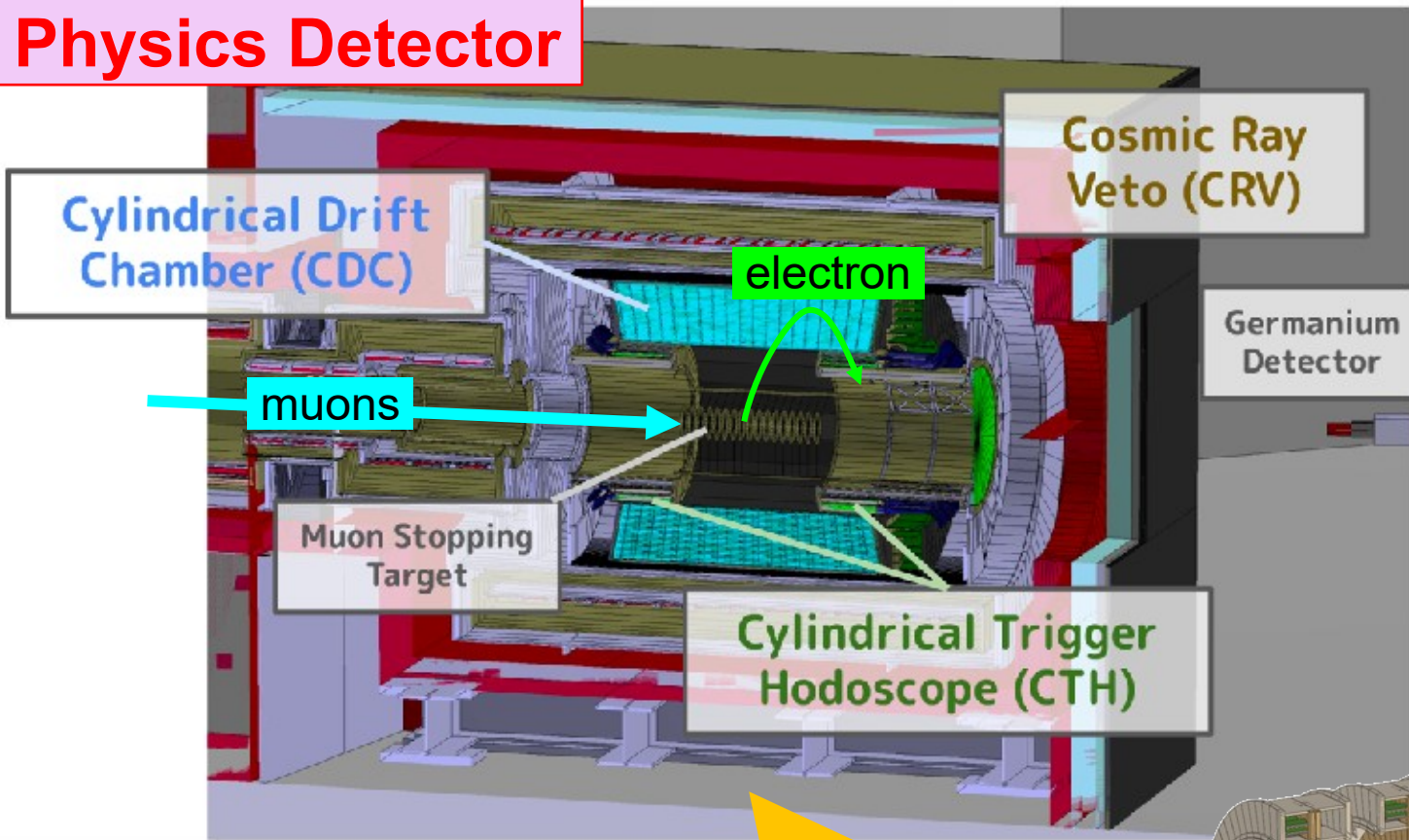


- DS was delivered to KEK Tsukuba Campus in 2024.
- BS (between MTS and DS) was delivered to J-PARC in 2022.
- Preparation is ongoing for the installation, which will start this September. Field measurements is scheduled in March 2025, followed by the detector installation.



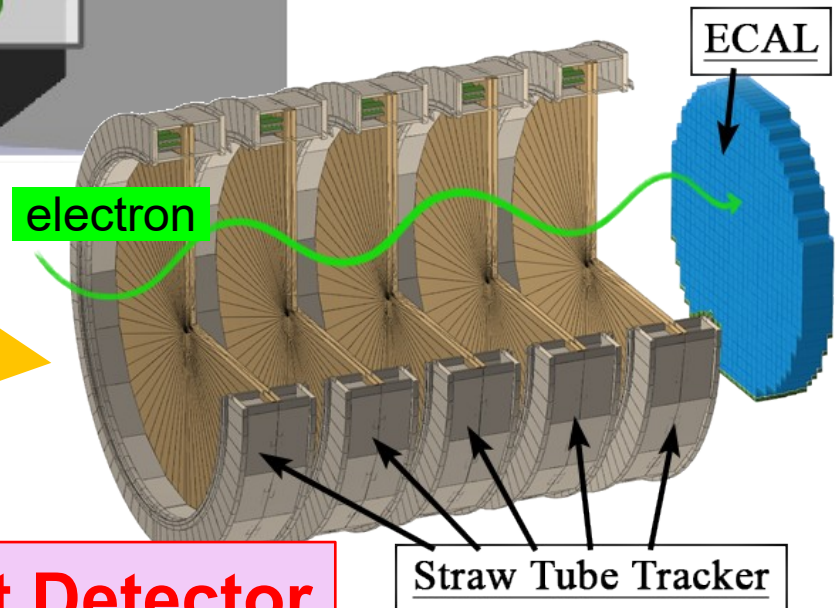
# Detector System

## Physics Detector



Exchange  
Inner Detectors

## Beam Measurement Detector

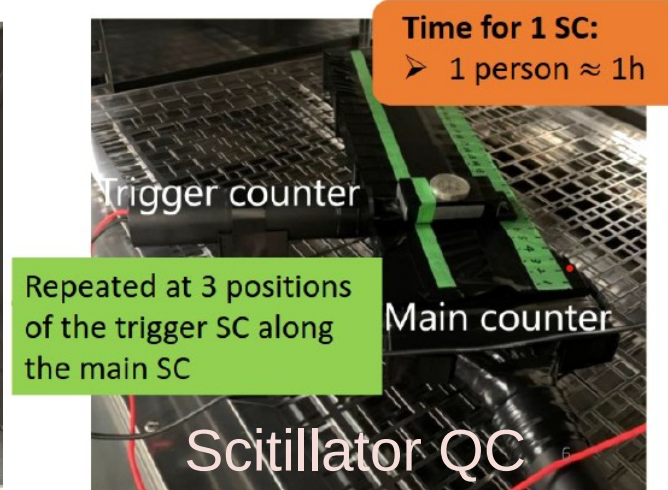
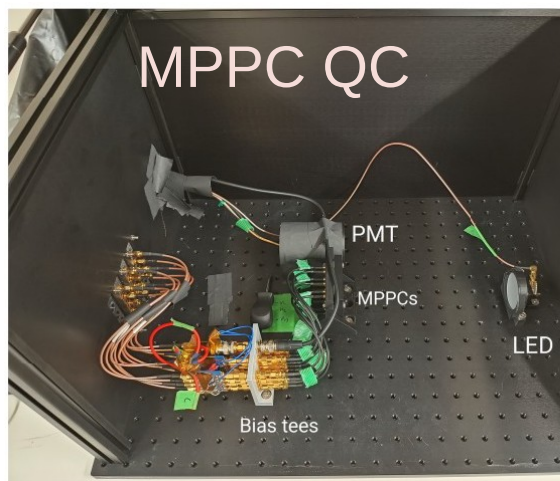
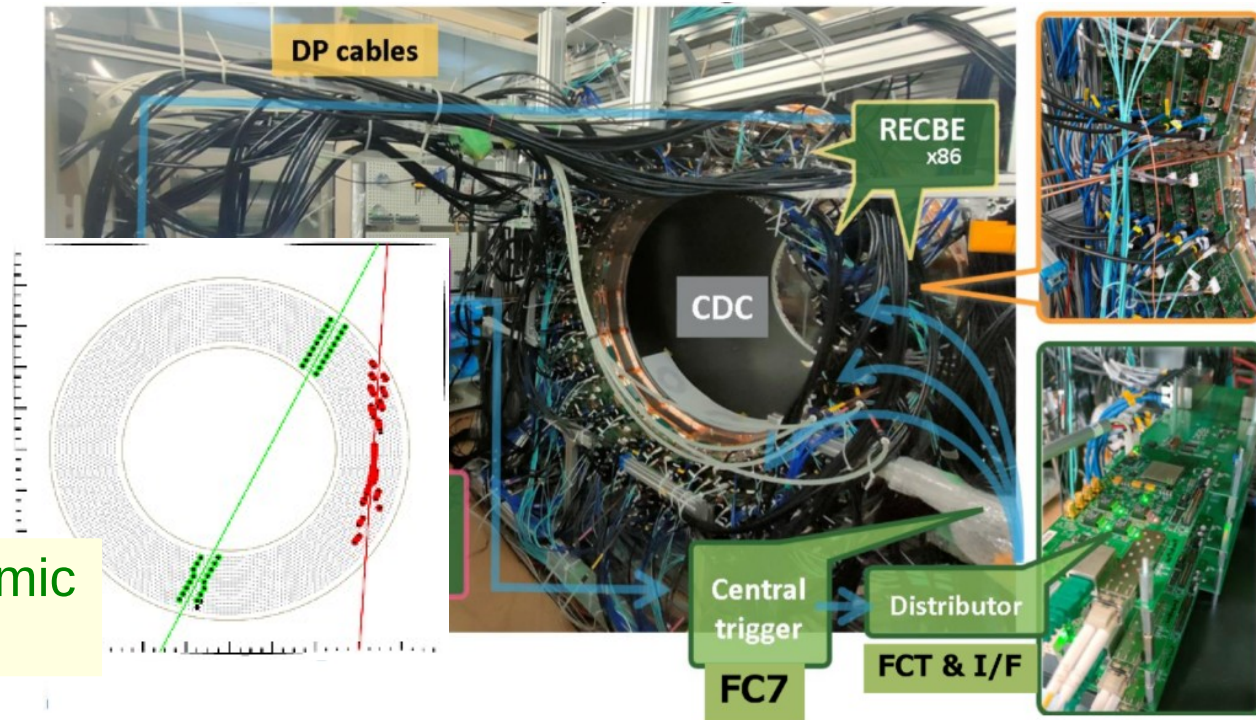


# Physics Detectors

## Cylindrical Drift Chamber

- Operation test of Cylindrical Drift Chamber is ongoing at J-PARC.
- A water cooling system for the electronics and a closed gas circulation system will be upgraded for the working condition.

Measured cosmic ray tracks



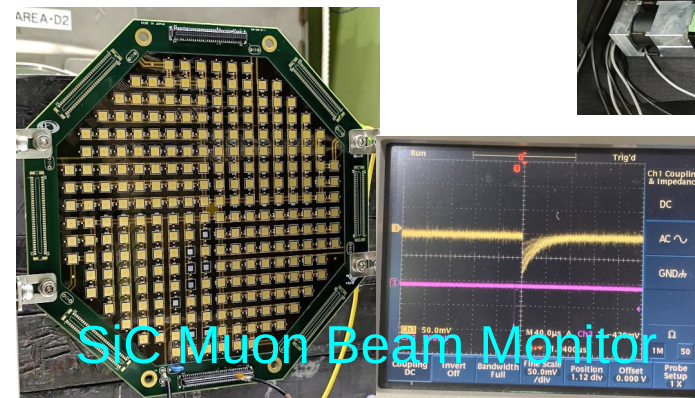
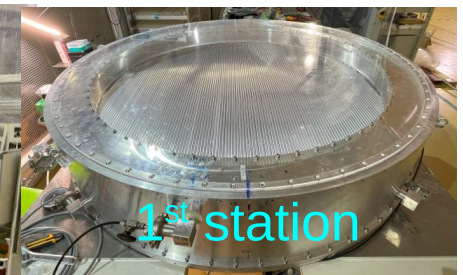
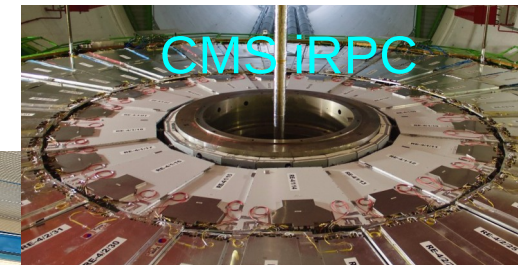
## Trigger Hodoscope

- QC for the scintillators and MPPC was completed at J-PARC.
- Light yield degradation was observed in some scintillators. Solutions are in discussion.
- Upstream supporting structure has been manufactured.



# Other Detectors

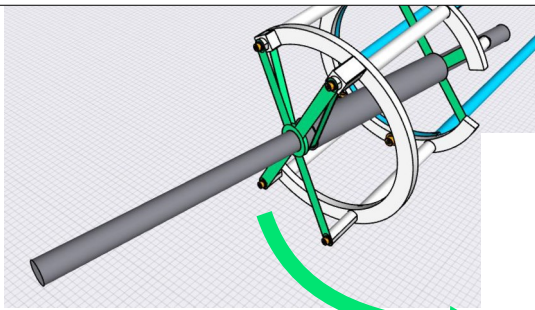
- **Cosmic Ray Veto detector** system will be constructed in combination of scintillators and existing RPCs for quick completion.
- Three stations (out of five) of **Straw Tube Tracker** has been produced. The performance test is ongoing.
- QC/QA of crystals and electronics of **Electromagnetic Calorimeter** is ongoing.
- Testing TiO<sub>2</sub> and SiC semiconductor sensors for the development of the **proton and muon beam monitor**.



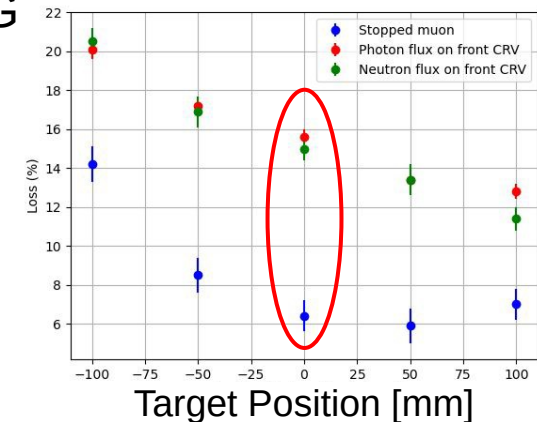
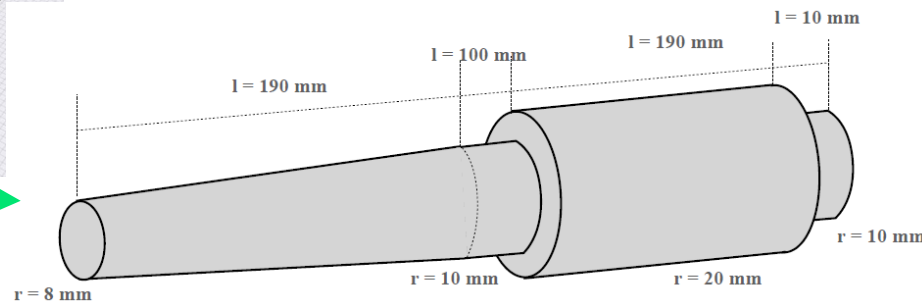
# Simulation Study

As the installation of magnets and detectors is starting, an intensive simulation study is ongoing to finalize the design of the beam line.

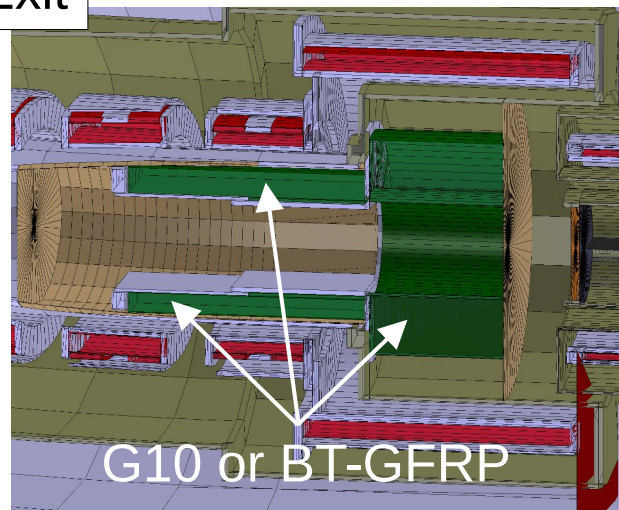
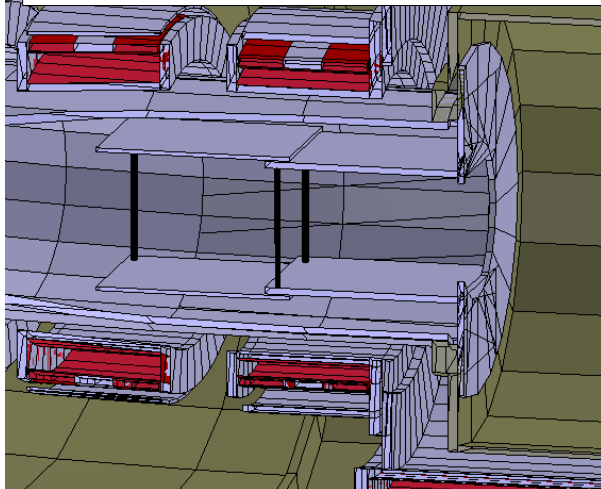
Pion Production Target



Optimized target shape will suppress BG radiation to the detectors (~15% less at CRV), keeping the muon yield.



Beam Collimator @ TS Exit



- Installing additional material in a space at the exit of the Transport Solenoid will suppress background radiation at the detectors (>50% reduction is expected).
- G10 or BT-GFRP are candidates to suppress outgas due to the radiation damage.



# Summary

The COMET experiment is being constructed at J-PARC.

The first beam commissioning at the COMET experimental hall was performed in 2023. The measured results is being published soon.

For the earliest physics measurements, we plan to start the beam operation with minimum facility configuration.

Pion Capture Solenoid has been installed at the last November. The remaining Bridge Solenoid and Detector Solenoid will be installed soon, followed by the installation of the physics detectors.

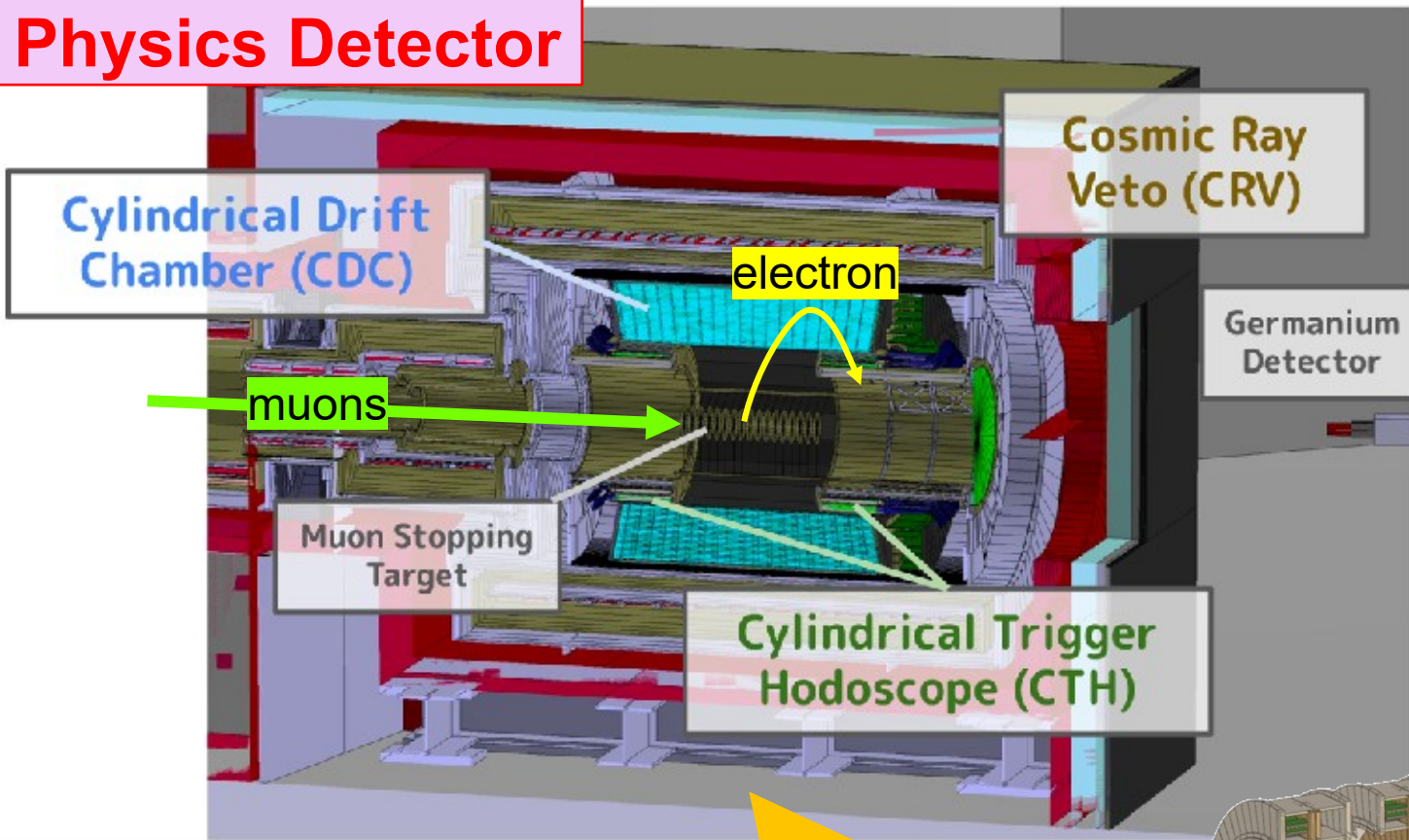
Ongoing intensive simulation study finalizes the design of the beamline equipment as the installation work begins.

Backup



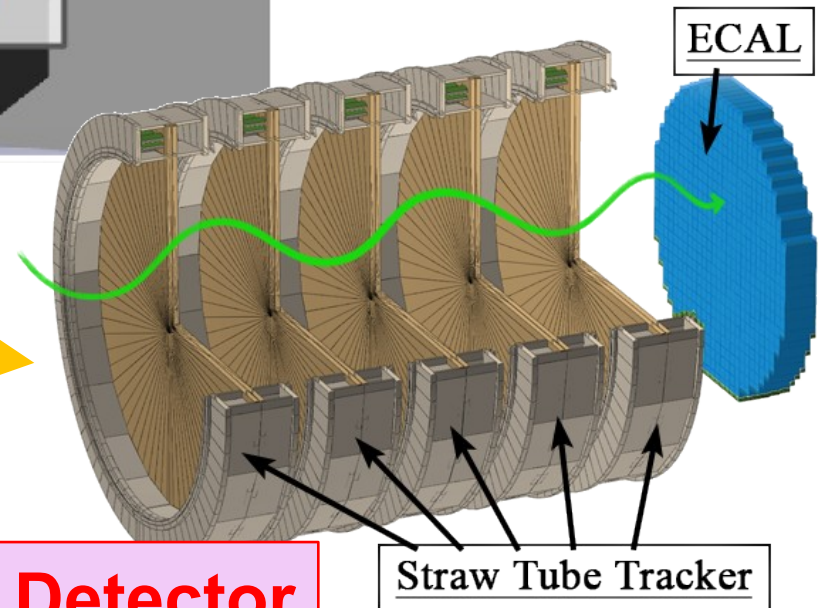
# COMET Detector System

## Physics Detector



Exchange  
Inner Detectors

## Beam Measurement Detector



# DAQ System

COMET DAQ : MIDAS → NestDAQ

- **Scalable system** : Performance can be improved by adding multiple computers.
- **Software trigger** : Originally designed to include the software trigger.

Improvement has been confirmed

- with CDC readout electronics.
- with single PC

